

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

THE BEAUTIFUL AND FERTILE
ESTATES OF NONNORRAH AND
MOOREFIELD.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

MR. MORT

Has recived instructions to sell by public
auction,
in one lot,
At his Rooms, George-street, Sydney,
On WEDNESDAY, the 23RD DECEMBER,
1846,
At Twelve o'clock.

THE very valuable properties above mentioned, and of which the following are the brief particulars, viz.:—
Nonnorrisk comprises 865 acres,
Moorefield 95 2 roads,
in all say 460½ acres, and the two estates are contiguous to each other, being divided only by the fences and a private road. Both properties are fenced and subdivided into paddocks, and the whole of the land not only cleared and stumped, but a large portion has been in active cultivation.

THE SOUTH CREEK

running on the boundary line affords water to sundry fruit trees.

The offices in the inner yard consist of two separate stables with stalls, coach house, sheds, loose boxes, cheese house, dairy, and store, and the outbuildings, which are the essential of good and regular stock raising.

THE GARDENS AND ORCHARD
are extensive and highly cultivated, and may be made a source of considerable profit.

☞ The farms of Nonnorrah and Moorefield are not only of great value on account of their adaptation to grazing and dairy purposes, but from their central position as regards the different roads from the interior to the proprietor's stock arrive, and where he effects his sales, putting him thereby in the necessity of making the daily sacrifices which the parties are compelled to have recourse to in the sale of their stock, (when a glut in the

market takes place), from the want of food and water to keep them in condition.

To country gentlemen, members of the Legislative Council, or others whose pursuits require their presence often in Sydney, this property seems especially adapted, affording the most convenient and comfortable mode of profit; and, as a speculation, great temptations are offered, there being now no doubt but that the Railway from Goulburn to Sydney will fill a very short space of time run close by, making the value of such fertile and productive lands as Nonnarrah and Moorefield increase beyond calculation.

N.B.—A plan of the farms and homesteads

at the Rooms, and full particulars learnt as to terms. &c.

PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
**MOST VALUABLE HOUSE AND
LANDED ESTATE.**

BY ORDER OF THE PROPRIETOR.

MR. MORT

Has received instructions to submit to public competition, for positive Sale, without the least reserve, at his Rooms, George

ON WEDNESDAY, 13TH JANUARY, 1847,
At twelve precisely,
THE following most valuable Proper-
ties, viz. :—
Lot 1,
All that very elegant and complete Cottage
Residence and Grounds, situate on the North
Shore, known as
UPTON, ST. LEONARD'S,
formerly the residence of William Miller
Esq., D.C.C., and now occupied by Simon
Wilkinson, Junr, Esq.

THE COTTAGE
Consists of a sitting and dining room, two bedrooms, two closets, with spacious cellar underneath, well aired and drained, occupying the whole area of the building. There is a verandah measuring 112 feet by 25 feet, which commands one of the most beautiful and extensive views of the port and surrounding country to be met with along the shore.

In the rear of the Cottage is an
EXTENSIVE COURT YARD,
inclosed by buildings recently erected, comprising kitchen, laundry, store-room, saw loft, coach-house, fowl house, stable, and hayrack.

spare rooms, all in good condition, besides several
in perfect condition.

THE GROUNDS,
CONSISTING OF ABOUT SEVEN ACRES,
are inclosed by a close fence, a large portion of
which is beautifully laid out as a garden and
shrubbery, and the remainder forms an ex-
cellent paddock. There has at all times
been a constant and abundant supply of the
purest water, afforded from a well in the
yard, another in the garden, and a covered
tank in the paddock.

LOT 2.
Seven acres of land adjoining the property
above described.

Lot 3.—The two properties just described, it must be remembered, are close to the steam ferry, which plies every few minutes betwixt the two shores.

Lot 3.
One acre more or less, situate at
PADDINGTON.
almost immediately opposite the new Military Barracks, having a frontage to the Old South Head Road, commanding a boundless view of Botany and its waters.

the waters and bays of Port Jackson or the other.

66 The site occupied by this plot of valuable building land is not to be surpassed.

LOT 4.

Twenty-four and a quarter acres, situated at Lane Cove, in the district of Hunter's Hill, abutting on the main road to the

FARMACUTTA RIVER,

and being part of the highly valuable and well-known grant of 250 acres to Isaac Nichols.

N.B. For further particulars, together with terms of sale, apply at the Rooms of the Auctioneer.

NEW AND VALUABLE BOOKS.

literary of the various nations of the world are placed at one view, in a series of parallel columns, folio, half bound merocco, published at £1 16", reduced to £1 6s.

Education.—The series of works on Educa-

alia

December 19. Staffordshire Warehouse,
420, George-street, Sydney. 9961

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<http://nla.gov>

au/nla.news-page15

Supplement TO THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1846.

FIFTY-NINTH ANNIVERSARY REGATTA.

TUESDAY, 26TH JANUARY, 1847.
Patron—His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.
President—ROBERT OWEN, Esq.
Vice-President—GEORGE COOPER TURNER, Esq.
Umpire—MERION MORIARTY, Esq., R.N.
Treasurer—R. M. COLE, Esq., R.N.
Secretary—WILLIAM TODD, Esq.

COMMITTEE:
George Fitz Roy, Esq.,
Lieutenant Cooper,
88th Regiment,
M. W. Lewis, Esq.,
J. C. Thompson, Esq.,
J. Dransfield, Esq.,
W. Gibbes, Esq.,
J. de C. Bremer, Esq.,
B. Shaw, Esq.,
Reas Donnelly, Esq.,
George Macpherson,
J. Curwin Boyd, Esq.,
R. J. Want, Esq.

FIRST MATCH.
No. 1 Marryat's Code. To start at 10 A.M.
For Gigs, to be rowed by amateurs only.
To start from off Fort Macquarie, and proceed round the Flag Boat moored off Goat Island, passing it on the south side, and rounding it on the north side; then round Pinchgut, passing it on the north, and rounding it on the south side and back to the starting place. Entrance fee, £2 1s.
First prize, £15 10s.; second prize, £5 5s.

SECOND MATCH.
No. 2 Marryat's Code. To start at half-past 10 A.M.
For Second Class Yachts under ten tons. To start from off Fort Macquarie, and proceed round a vessel moored off the Gas Works, passing her on the east and rounding on the west side; then proceed round the Light Vessel and Sow and Pig, passing them on the west and rounding on the east side, and back to the starting vessel. Entrance fee, £2 2s.
First prize, £25; second prize, £10.

THIRD MATCH.
No. 3 Marryat's Code. To start at 11 A.M.
For Licensed Watermen pulling a pair of sculls in skiffs. The same course as Match No. 1.
First prize, £10 10s.; second prize, £5 5s.
No entrance fee.
N.B.—The above skiffs must have been licensed and used for three months prior to the Regatta.

FOURTH MATCH.
No. 4 Marryat's Code. To start at half-past 11 A.M.
For skiffs pulling two oars. To be rowed by amateurs only. Same course as Match No. 1.
First prize, Silver Cup, value £10, with £5 5s. added; second prize, £5 5s. Entrance fee, £1 1s.

FIFTH MATCH.
No. 5 Marryat's Code. To start at noon.
For Third Class Yachts under five tons. To start from off Fort Macquarie, and proceed round a boat moored off Goat Island, passing it on the south and rounding it on the north side; then round Shark Island, passing it on the north and rounding it on the south side and back to the starting place. Entrance fee, £1 1s.
First prize, £21; second prize, £7 10s.

SIXTH MATCH.
No. 6 Marryat's Code. To start at half-past 12, P.M.
For all Gigs pulling four oars. Same course as Match No. 1.
First prize, £15 10s.; second prize, £5 5s. Entrance fee, £1 1s.

SEVENTH MATCH.
No. 7 Marryat's Code. To start at 1 P.M.
For Licensed Watermen in skiffs, pulling two oars. Same course as Match No. 1.
First prize, £12 12s.; second prize, £5 5s. No entrance fee.
N.B.—The above skiffs must have been licensed and used for three months prior to the Regatta.

EIGHTH MATCH.
No. 8 Marryat's Code. To start at 2 P.M.
For all Yachts not exceeding twenty-five tons. To start from off Fort Macquarie, proceeding round a boat moored off Goat Island, passing it on the south, and rounding it on the north side; then round a boat moored in North Harbour, off Big Manly Beach, passing it on the west, and rounding on the east side; then back to the starting vessel.
First Prize, £70. Second Prize, £15. Entrance fee, £3 3s.

NINTH MATCH.
No. 9 Marryat's Code. To start at half-past 2 P.M.
For bona fide Whale B. ats, with tubs and usual line, (say 250 lbs. weight,) pulling five oars. To pull from the starting vessel round

Clark's Island, passing it on the north and rounding it on the south side; then round the boat off Goat Island, passing it on the south and rounding it on the north side, and back to the starting vessel.
Provided six boats start, the following prizes will be given:—
First prize, £25; second prize, £15; third prize, £10; but if only four boats start, the first two prizes will be given. Entrance fee, £1 1s.

TENTH MATCH.
No. 10 Marryat's Code. To start at 3 P.M.
For a Gig and Dingy. The gig not under twenty feet. The race to be decided in twenty minutes. The main in the dingy must be caught by the bow man in the gig.
Two matches. Prizes, £5 each.

In all the foregoing races four boats must be entered, and start, or no race, with the exception of Nos. 1 and 2 for gigs, when three entrances will be sufficient.
Boats' tonnage to be calculated the same as last year, viz. by Acts 3 and 4 William IV. cap. 55.

Rules and Regulations will appear in an early advertisement.
Subscription lists will lie at the different Banks, and with the gentlemen of the Committee.
W. TODD, Secretary.
Committee Room, Custom House Hotel, December 11, 1846.

ANNIVERSARY REGATTA FOR 1847.
THE Committee for the approaching Regatta beg to call the attention of Boat-owners and the public in general to the alteration recently made in the programme.

W. TODD, Secretary.
Committee Room, Custom House Hotel, December 11, 1846.

Commissariat Office, Sydney, 22nd December, 1846.
UNTIL further notice, Tenders for Bills, to be drawn by the undersigned on Her Majesty's Treasury, at thirty days sight, will be received at this office every Thursday, at noon, the most favourable of which, if approved of, will be accepted.
No Tenders will be received unless sealed and in duplicate, marked "Tenders for Bills."
T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.

Commissariat Office, Sydney, 17th December, 1846.
Office, until twelve o'clock on Monday the 21st instant, from such persons as may be willing to supply the undermentioned Seeds for the service at North Australia:—
Maize (Common) 20
" (Early) 20
Millet 20
Barley (English) 1
" (Cape) 1
Clover (red and white) 1 of each.
No Tenders will be received unless sealed and in duplicate, marked "Tenders for Bills."
T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.

Maize (Common)	20
" (Early)	20
Millet	20
Barley (English)	1
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T. W. RAMSAY, Dep. Com. Gen.	

No. 46—424.
Town Clerk's Office.
Sydney, December 15, 1846.
NOTICE is hereby given, that on Thursday, the 25th December, 1846, at noon, the undermentioned properties belonging to the Corporation will be let by public auction, in the Town Hall, York-street, for twelve months, from 1st January to 31st December, 1847, inclusively, subject to the rules, regulations, and by-laws of the City Council, viz.:—
1. The George-street Markets
2. The Hay, Corn, and Cattle Markets
3. The Market Wharf
4. The Water Fountain, Hyde Park
5. The Water Fountain, Dock Yard
6. The Water Fountain, Soldier's Point.
Particulars may be obtained, and the terms and conditions of sale, may be seen at this office; or at the Auction Mart of Mr. Stubbs, City Auctioneer, King-street.

JOHN RAE, Town Clerk.
MARINE INSURANCES.
THE undersigned, encouraged by several influential merchants to undertake the effecting of Marine Insurances, by means of the subscriptions of individual underwriters, according to the practice followed at Lloyd's, begs to notify to the public that he is now prepared to procure and deliver policies, to be underwritten by parties of undoubted responsibility, and to receive orders for the insurance of Ships and Merchandise.
HUTCHINSON BELL, Office removed to 489, George-street, Next door to the Australian General Assurance Company's Office. November 24. 5394

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LYONS'S-BUILDINGS, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.
Sydney Board of Management.—
JOHN THACKER, Esq., ADOLPHUS WILLIAM YOUNG, Esq.,
T. H. C. D. R. DEL. WILLIAM WALKER, Esq.
BATHURST.—THE BANK OF AUSTRALASIA, SURVIVOR AND SECRETARY—G. K. MANN, Esq., SOLICITOR—GEORGE COOPER TURNER, Esq.
PREMIUMS. For each £1000. a. d.

1.—On buildings detached, the external walls of which are built wholly of brick or stone, and covered with slate, tile, metal, or other incombustible materials, and separated from other buildings by a space not under 20 feet. Buildings similar in every respect but shingled 7 6
2.—On buildings constructed as above, connected with other buildings similarly constructed, but divided from them by perfect party walls passing through and rising above the roof 10 0
Buildings similar in every other respect but shingled 13 4
3.—Buildings constructed as above, connected with other buildings of inferior construction, but divided from them by perfect party walls passing through and rising above the roof 15 0
Buildings similar in every respect but shingled 25 0
4.—On wooden buildings, both as to walls and roofs 40 0

TABLE OF SHORT RATES.
For six months, three-fourths of the annual amount.
For three months, one-half of the annual amount.
All hazardous, double hazardous, and special risks subject to particular arrangement. Goods and merchandise not in themselves hazardous, &c., assured at the rate applicable to the building in which they are deposited. No extra charge for survey.
Assurances can be effected at the Company's Office from 10 to 3 o'clock daily.
GOTHE K. MANN, Secretary.

9672
SYDNEY INFIRMARY.
THE UNDERSIGNED begs to announce that he is a candidate for the appointment of Physician to the Sydney Infirmary, vacant by the resignation of Dr. Fullerton.
He will take the liberty of canvassing the members personally.
ROBERT MACKINTOSH, M.D., 65, York-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED having commenced business as auctioneer, broker, commission agent, &c., in the central premises lately occupied by Mr. Younger, four doors south of the Bank of New South Wales, begs to inform merchants, settlers, tradesmen, and others, that he will make advances on all merchandise and colonial produce which may be sent to him for sale.
ISAAC J. JOSEPHSON, 2605
November 26.

CRIPPLES, FANNING, AND CO., will purchase or make advances on wool consigned to their friends, Messrs. John Gore and Co., London. 9552

UNEMPLOYED MECHANICS AND LABOURERS AT THE BENEVOLENT ASYLUM.

THE Committee of the Benevolent Society beg to inform the public that they have on their books, as pensioners, a number of single persons, and of families who stand in need of assistance, in consequence of the husbands being out of employment.
They therefore take this means of giving publicity to the circumstance, and to inform persons requiring labour that a list is prepared, and may be seen at the Asylum, and also at Mr. Johnson's Registry Office, Castle-reagh-street, of the names, ages, calling, residence, and number in family of each case; and should the Committee feel satisfied that reasonable offers for employment (whether in their particular trades or not) have been refused, they will at once strike such case from the books.
The Committee earnestly request the co-operation of the public in this their attempt to preserve the funds of this charitable institution for the assistance of the industrious poor only.

The following is a list of the trades and occupations of the persons referred to:
Tailors
Brass founders and finishers
Brickmakers
Gardeners
Cabinetmakers
Coachmen
Carpenters
Coppersmiths
Printers
Watermen
Schoolmasters
Sawyers
Clerks and storekeepers
Shepherds
Blacksmiths
Shoemakers
Bricklayers
Bakers
Tobaccoist
Labourers

Who have received directions to attend at the Committee Rooms, (St. James's Primary School Room, Elizabeth-street), on Tuesday, at four o'clock, when persons requiring the services of any of them will have the opportunity of making engagements.

GEORGE ALLEN, Secretary, 7315
Sydney, November 7.

DAQUERRETYPE.

321, CASTLE-REAGH-STREET, NORTH, SIX DOORS FROM KING-STREET.
MR. J. B. GOODMAN having completed his collection of views of all parts of the interior, is prepared to embellish his portraits with scenery from any part of New South Wales the sitter may prefer, and particularly recommends to squatters, &c., &c., his extensive specimens of bush landscape, giving to the Daguerreotype portraits the double advantage of a fine simile likeness, and a highly finished local background.
Mr. J. B. Goodman having recently received from England the patent of a newly invented process of colouring, is also prepared to colour portraits at a small extra charge.
Price of each portrait One Guinea.
Hours of attendance from eight A.M. to four P.M.
F.S.—Sitters are recommended to avoid white as much as possible in their dresses. 9592

BATHURST.

SYER BROTHERS have received by the Ann Bates, Thomas Lowry, and Sir George Seymour,—
Rum, Brandy, Gin, Taylor's Porter, Alphon's Ale, Sparkling Bottled Cider, and Wines, which will soon arrive at their stores in Durham-street, and be sold at Sydney prices, including carriage.

ALSO,
Smyrna, muscatel, and pudding raisins, currants, figs, almonds, and all Christmas fruits, at the same rate.
They have on hand—
Hysonskin, congon, young hyson, and common black tea, from £2 2s. per chest.

ALSO,
Sugar, soap, pickles, mustard, sauces, spices, and superior agnolhead tobacco, lower than any other house in Bathurst.
And a large stock of—
Prints, calicoes, dimities, cheese cloth, blankets, bed ticks, cotton checks, shawls, white regatta and check shirts, summer coats, and all descriptions of slops.
Hemp, nails of sorts and sizes, and every description of iron goods.

Their own importation, which they can recommend both for quality and price.
November 26. 9515
BIRDS, ANIMALS, INSECTS, &c.
THE UNDERSIGNED takes the opportunity of informing the public of Australia, that he is now enabled to supply collections and purchase specimens of the above, at his residence, No. 6, Bridge-street.

F. STRANGE, Collector for J. Gould, Esq., F.R.S., Sydney, 27th October. 9559

WOLLONGONG GENERAL STORE AND STRAM FACTORY OFFICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully thanks the inhabitants of Wollongong and of the surrounding country for their kind patronage from the time of his commencement in business among them. His intention is always to have an adequate stock of the best quality of goods, and to sell at the smallest remunerative profit, trusting by strict adherence to that principle, he shall long enjoy their support.

CHARLES FAIRB.
PRODUCE RECEIVED IN PAYMENT FOR GOODS.

HEALTH FOR ALL!!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
Time should not be lost in taking this remedy for any of the following diseases:—
Ague, Indigestion, Bilious complaints, Liver complaints, Blisters on the skin, Lumbago, Bowel complaints, Piles, Rheumatism, Constipation of bowels, Retention of urine, Consumption, Sore throats, Debility, Scrofula, or King's Evil, Dropsy, Stone and Gravel, Dysentery, Secondary symptoms, Erysipelas, Tic Douloureux, Female irregularities, Tumours, Fevers of all kinds, Ulcers, Yaws, Venereal affections, Gout, Worms, Headaches, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Directions for use are given with every box.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT are so compounded as to act harmoniously one with the other; and, therefore, when the Ointment is used as an outward application, the Pills are the only internal medicine that should be taken.

These Pills are much used in warm climates, on account of their purgative qualities. They will, if taken before the immediate approach of disease, prevent its intrusion; while they speedily banish all ailments when the system is already under their influence.

The agreeable coolness and freedom from fever which these Pills will induce, are also great recommendations for their use in sultry climates. All heavy and drowsy sensations, which are the forerunners of direful diseases, as apoplexy, paralytic strokes, &c., are effectually ward off by a few doses of this searching medicine. It produces sound and refreshing sleep, with a high flow of spirits, together with great vigour and lightness of body, as well as a keen appetite. Sight and hearing, so indispensable to our enjoyment and happiness, are strengthened by the depuration of their respective organs, so that it may with truth be said—

"HERE IS HEALTH FOR ALL."

It has been acknowledged to the Agent for the Australasian Colonies by parties connected with the Colonial Hospitals, that "the Pills are in many respects superior to any thing prescribed by the medical profession—that whereas the operation of all purgatives which they administer is to produce a reaction on the bowels when the immediate effect of the dose is gone off, Holloway's Pills, on the contrary, operate effectually, yet mildly, and leave the bowels quite regular."

The very long list of most eminent medical men who prescribe the Ointment in the English Hospitals has appeared in another advertisement.

These truly invaluable Pills can be obtained at the establishment of Professor Holloway, near Temple Bar, London, and of most respectable Vendors of Medicines throughout the civilised world. In Sydney, wholesale, of

J. K. HEYDON.

Sole Wholesale Agent for these Colonies.
SOLD WHOLESALE, BY
J. K. HEYDON,
78, King-street West;

AND RETAIL, BY

Mr. H. G. Flanagan, King-street East, Sydney; Mr. Alder, chemist, Parramatta-street, Sydney; Mr. Tucker, stationer, George-street, Sydney; Mr. Lewis, carrier, Brickfield-hill, Sydney; Mr. W. C. Rowling, chemist, Parramatta-street, Sydney; Mr. Lawson, West Midland; Mr. Thomas McCormack, storekeeper, Newcastle; Mr. Joseph Parker, chemist, Bathurst; Mr. Richard Seymour, saddler, George-street, Sydney; Mr. F. A. Forbes, storekeeper, Liverpool; Mr. James Quigley, druggist; Mr. S. Emanuel, storekeeper, Goulburn; Mr. William Cavanagh, North Brisbane, Moreton Bay; Mr. Dennis Shea, Wollongong; Mr. James Hoote, Peel's River. And by all respectable chemists.

WHOLESALE STATIONERY WAREHOUSE.

REPORTERS TO THE ISLANDS.
COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, WHOLESALE PURCHASERS, AND OTHERS REQUIRING LARGE SUPPLIES.

W. MOFFITT begs to call the attention of the above to his extensive stock of Stationery and School Books, of every possible description, imported to order to suit the colony. The undersigned having made arrangements personally with the manufacturer in England to be supplied on the very best terms, for ready money, is enabled to supply the purchaser here at such prices that they defy competition.

Wrapping foolscap and post papers, by the case or bale, as packed in London.

W. MOFFITT.
November 14. 7707

RICH CHINA GOODS.

RICH checked Silk Camlets, new styles
Superb embroidered white crape shawls
Ditto ditto in maize, crimson, lavender, and pink
5-4 and 6-4 crape shawls and handkerchiefs
White and coloured China matting, wide width, 1s. 6d. per yard
Rackgammon boards, with men, dice, &c., complete, 12s. 6d. each
Ladies' work boxes, with carved ivory fittings
Tea caddies, filled with the finest teas
Carved ivory silk winders, puzzles, &c., &c.

The ladies of Sydney and its environs are respectfully solicited to inspect the above, with a variety of new and choice British goods, adapted to the present season, at
PITE AND PRESTON'S,
Emporium, 263, Pitt-street.

JUST OPENED.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

25 CASES of Family Linens and fancy Drapery Goods, as under—
1 Case 2 soft glass cloth linen
2 Cases 3-4 diapers
1 Case 3-4 linen damask
2 Cases superior Irish linens
1 Case fine frontings and lawns
2 Cases furniture dainties
2 Cases superior printed furnitures
1 Case furniture linens
4 Cases superior printed furnitures
2 Cases small pattern cambric plates
1 Case 4-4 Hoyll's blue plates
1 Case superior black and white prints
1 Case rich printed muslins (new styles)
1 Case transparent check and striped gingham
1 Case rich Marquess dresses, all wool
1 Case rich white and coloured bonnet ribbons
Black and fancy silk cravats, &c.
1 Case rich black and coloured ducapes and waistcoats.

The attention of families, hotel keepers, and the public, is solicited to the above goods, which are all of the very best qualities, and will be offered at the smallest per-centage upon the English cost.

AT **PITE AND PRESTON'S,**
Emporium, 263, Pitt-street.

WOOL SEASON.

THE SEASON BEING NOW NEAR AT HAND,

WHEN
SETTLERS, COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS, AND THE PUBLIC,
MUST REQUIRE THEIR USUAL PERIODICAL SUPPLIES FOR THE BUSH.

MESSES. PITE AND PRESTON beg to remind their numerous country customers, that they have made extensive preparations for the supply of every article necessary for up-country use. In addition to their importations by the late arrivals, they have purchased a large lot of genuine sheep, at a low figure.

Consisting of—
Moleskin and corduroy trousers
Duck, drill, and cotton ditto
Extra stout striped cotton shirts
Stout pilot and pea coats
Shepherds' coats and monkey jackets
Blue cloth and moleskin jackets
Blue and red serge shirts
Diaper rugs and blankets
Osnaburghs, ticks, and flannels
Navy blue prints and regatta shirting
Manila, cabbage-tree, and Jim Crow hats, &c., &c.

THE TAILORING DEPARTMENT, which forms an important auxiliary in this establishment, requires but little comment in the shape of an advertisement, the extensive business transacted in that particular branch for the last five years has made it well known to the settlers of every district, within and beyond the boundaries, that this is the only establishment in the colony where (from the great number of hands constantly kept at work) they can at all times depend upon getting a real good suit of clothes from any materials they may select.

PUNCTUALLY MADE TO MEASURE IN TEN HOURS.

or in less time if necessary, in addition to which great care has been taken this season to have in readiness a good assortment of Clothing suitable to the taste and requirements of their customers.

ALL WELL CUT AND MADE ON THE PREMISES.

An extensive assortment of first-rate materials is now on hand, consisting of extra-stout cream and unbleached double shirtings, white military ducks and drills; also, double shirtings, buckskins, dooskins, stout Scotch and colonial treas, seamen's broadcloth, waistcoats, &c., &c., including several new and durable articles well adapted to the bush.

IN CONCLUSION, the proprietors of this establishment will only add, that their stock is the true department as above mentioned, in

EXTENSIVE, REFLECT, GOOD, AND CHEAP, and that no house in the colony can offer general advantages which cannot be obtained at

PITE AND PRESTON'S
EMPORIUM, 263, PITT-STREET.

280, PITT-STREET,

Nearly opposite the Theatre.

ARTHUR GRAVELY has much pleasure in announcing to his numerous friends and the public generally of New South Wales, that he has taken the above central premises, and intends opening the same on Thursday, the 24th instant, with an entirely new stock of

IRONMONGERY.

From his long experience and thorough knowledge of the trade in all its various departments, coupled with the care bestowed in the selection of his stock, A. G. respectfully solicits a trial, and flatters himself that his establishment will be found deserving of public support.

JULES PILLET has great pleasure in informing the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, that he will open his new establishment

No. 5, HUNTER-STREET, on Monday next, the 21st instant, and will then be prepared to offer some very choice articles in

FANCY AND USEFUL DRAPEY, comprising, a complete assortment of new and fashionable goods, Berlin wools and patterns, ALSO,

A large variety of **FRENCH PERFUMERY,** De Premier Choix,

which he has no hesitation in guaranteeing to please all.

THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH SHOES ladies will find very superior, having been carefully selected so as to give general satisfaction.

From the great experience J. P. has had in all classes of French manufactures, he trusts that the ladies of this colony will afford him their kind support, assuring them that his best endeavours shall be exerted to please.

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF GOODS SELLING OFF.

JAMES SIMMONS

BEGS to inform shopkeepers, up-country storekeepers, retailers, and others, that he is now selling off the whole of his extensive stock of merchandise, having left his premises, and must leave in all next month. The stock not sold privately will be sold by public auction.

Some time next month, due notice will be given of the days of sale by auction.

LIST OF STOCK.

Superfine blue jackets, waistcoats, and trousers
Buckskin trousers, double stitched and taped
Moleskin trousers, double stitched and taped
Moleskin jackets
Silk plush waistcoats, with sleeves
Worsted ditto ditto
Heslett ditto ditto
Valencia and other waistcoats
Scotch twill shirts, full fronts
Heavy 2-2 striped shirts
Blue and red serge shirts
Worsted frocks
Pilot coats
Pea ditto
Tweed coats, in great variety
Shepherds' coats and wrappers
Blue cloth caps
Blankets, 8-4, 9-10, 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4, in convenient bales

Prints in great variety
Mousseline de laine in great variety
Rolled jaconets
Quilts and rugs
36-inch shirting
24 yards fine calico
Wigan sheeting
Brown holland
Women's, men's, and children's stockings and socks

Checks
Scotch twills
Ticks
Welsh flannels
2000 dozen cotton handkerchiefs
Silk, crape, and worsted shawls
Ribbons
Braces
Orleans cloths
Superfine blue cloth
Waistcoatings.

With a good quantity of other goods too numerous to particularise in an advertisement.

Tea, sugar, tobacco, Liverpool salt
Rum, in bond
Half-pound mustards, quart and pint pickles, bottled fruits, sauces, (in cases)
The most liberal credit given on good bills.

391, opposite the Union Bank, Pitt-street.

Wool purchased for cash, or liberal advances made on consignments to J. S. Friends in London or Liverpool.

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS AND DEALERS.

EX "HARLEY."

NOW LANDING, and on Sale by the undersigned—

6 Cases fancy prints, consisting of town printed fancies, light fancy prints, 7-8 and 5-4 madder plates, &c.

1 Ditto printed organdis, barege, and Paris checks

1 Ditto belzories and de laines

2 Ditto shawls, consisting of check barege, Opera, Byron, Shetland, and netted Berlin shawls

2 Ditto jaconets, cambric checks, Swiss and Japan shot muslins

2 Ditto taped and striped check, coronation, tambooured, lace, and tucked dresses

2 Ditto corded, lace, and checked coats, and blouses and fringed toilette

2 Ditto drawn and trimmed caps, Scotch and French cambric handkerchiefs, collars, habit shirts, &c.

2 Ditto Italian net dresses and chali checks

2 Ditto cotton handkerchiefs

2 Ditto supers and shirtings.

JOHN KEELE,
490, George-street.
November 20. 8143

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of every description on hand, or made to order on the shortest notice, at Stewart's

Bazaar, Pitt-street, corner of Bathurst-street. N.B.—The usual stock of dry cedar in log-boards, and turned work, constantly on sale.

Adjoining the Bazaar.

PATENT PORTABLE FLOUR MILL, with apparatus for grinding and dressing in one operation. These mills work by hand, and will grind and dress at the rate of one bushel per hour. For sale by

HARPER AND MOORE,
No. 296, George-street.
Next the Royal Hotel. 8467

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED

EX "SIX GEORGE ARMYOUR."

2 CASES FANCY PRINTS

2 Ditto drab and miller's drab moleskins
1 Ditto imitation corahs
3 Ditto medium shirtings
2 Ditto moleskin trousers and jackets
2 Bales red and blue serge shirts
1 Ditto stripe ditto.

ALSO, EX LATE ARRIVALS,
Woodhouse's Marsala, in hogheads and quarter casks
Cape Madeira, in small packages
Sherry and port
Tobacco, in kegs and half-tiers.

JOHN KEELE,
490, George-street.
November 20. 8142

ON SALE AT THE STORES,
427, GEORGE-STREET.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS of every requisite for country stores or family use, in the following departments of British manufacture.

IRONMONGERY
EARTHENWARE
PORCELAIN
GLASS
IRONSTONE CHINA
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

The whole of which are off-red in quantities to suit purchasers, and having been imported from the manufacturers direct, will be sold at prices which the undersigned feels assured will give satisfaction.

A liberal discount allowed to the trade, shippers, and country storekeepers.

R. M. ROBEY.
8824

R. AND J. BINNIE have received per *Neptune*, an assortment of very superior London made Saddlery, comprising—

Hogskin all-over hunting saddles
Ladies' side saddles, very handsome, with quilted dooskin and hogskin seats and shields, spare leaping heads, Victoria stirrups, &c.

Silver and gold mounted ladies' and gent's riding whips, from Skinner's
Tandem, carriage, gig, jockey, and hunting whips.

NOTICE.
TO COACHMAKERS, SHOEMAKERS, AND SADDLERS.

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—
Large enamelled hides
Enamelled calf skins
Large japan bailes

Ditto kangaroo ditto
Ditto goat ditto
Sole leather
Kips and calf skins
Harness leather
Saddlers' bailes
Shoemaker's ditto
Bookbinders' ditto
Hogskins.

THOMAS HALL AND CO.,
Leather Dressers,
Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a Leather Dyer, a Leather Finisher, and a Parchment Maker. None but those who perfectly understand their business need apply.

THOMAS HALL AND CO.
871

ON SALE,
EX "LADY ROWENA," NOW LANDING.

PRINTS of the newest styles, plates, chintz, and fancies

Printed muslins, balzorines, and flounces, of the latest fashions

White and grey shirtings
Very stout millers' drab moleskins
Small wares

West India coffee in barrels
Tobacco
Glassware

EX "TASMANIA," NOW LANDING,
Port wine, in quarter-casks
Chance, Brothers, and Co.'s window glass

ALSO,
Prints, plates, rainbows, fancies, and navy blues

Domestics
Jaconets
Cotton checks
Book muslins

Marseilles quilts, and toilette covers
Gingham umbrellas and parasols
Moleskins, and moleskin trousers

Regatta shirts
Regatta stripes
Soda and soda ash

Paints
Cochrane's office and copying ink
Small cordage, clothes lines, plough reins, &c., &c.

A set of ship's wool screws.
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Buchanan and Co.'s Wharf,
Darling Harbour.

December 15. 9719

SNUFFS,
EX *Johnstone.*

ON SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED—

Paddy's 37, in 1 and 2 lb. jars
Hardham's 37, in 1, 2, and 3 lb. jars
Harris's 17, in 1, 2, and 3 lb. jars

Genuine Princeps, in 1 lb. packets
Tongue, Scotch, Lundyfoot, &c.
Plain and silver mounted Marchaux Pipes

Cherry Tubes, Amber Mouth-pieces, &c., &c.

Silver and gold mounted Scotch and English Snuff-boxes, in great variety

ALSO,
White's small bowl Pipes, in ten gross cases—chip and anchor, Odd Fellow, and other stamps.

JOSEPH SCOTT,
352, George-street.

November 14. 7707

SADDLERY.
THE undersigned invite the attention of storekeepers and the trade to the annexed list of goods received by late arrivals, and ready for inspection, viz.:-
Saddles of all descriptions.
Stuffs and pelham bridles, martingales, &c.
Hogskins, chamolins
English bridle leather and stirrup leathers
Patent horse hinders and jupanned butts
Girths, with web and roller web
Stirrup leathers and snaffles, assorted
Spurs, a great variety
Buckles, of all sorts and sizes
Tanned-leather leggings
Side-saddle stirrups, &c.
RICHARD AND J. BINNIE,
Saddlers,
373, George-street.
9608
December 14.

WHOLESALE AND NUTRITIOUS MEAT.
HEADS OF FAMILIES, HOUSE-KEEPERS, &c., desirous of curing meat perfectly, without rendering it indigestible, should purchase **CARSON'S MEAT PRESERVER**, by using which any meat is thoroughly cured and smoked if desired, with ease in twelve to fifteen minutes, the juices and other nutritious portions are consequently retained, as in the fresh state; and all taints avoided in the hottest weather. The meat may be dressed in a few hours. Complete in small box. -Depôts, C. Hockin and Co., 38, Duke-street, Manchester Square, and 1, Bishopgate-street Within, London; and by his agents in the Australian colonies, viz., A. Foss, Dispensing Chemist, 313, Pitt-street, Sydney; Louis and Son, Hobart Town; James Dowling, Launceston; and A. Scott, Adelaide.
7748

HOCKIN'S PREPARATION OF SEIDLITZ, in one bottle, will keep in every situation. It is solid salt of a natural spring, and like it, tasteless. The dose can be apportioned to suit all ages and constitutions; a full dose acts as a medicine; a smaller forms a refreshing and pleasant drink, consequently it is used by surgeons for making the saline draught Hockin's Patent Preparation does not (like the articles called Seidlitz waters) become a liquid in damp places, but on the contrary it is rendered more firm, and contains the necessary salt to feed the blood and system. It is a valuable family medicine, being taken as freely by children as adults, and cannot disagree with or weaken the stomach in any climate. In bottles, CHAS. HOCKIN, 38, Duke-street, Manchester Square, and 1, Bishopgate-street Within, London; and by his agents in the Australian colonies, viz., A. Foss, Dispensing Chemist, 313, Pitt-street, Sydney; Louis and Son, Hobart Town; James Dowling, Launceston; and A. Scott, Adelaide.
7748

SEVENTY-ONE CRATES EARTHENWARE.
Ex George and Tassmanian, CONSISTING of the most elegant and useful variety of the undersigned has ever had the pleasure to offer to the public, viz.:-
Flaming blue dinner, breakfast, and toilette sets, cups and saucers, bowls and plates, gold band toilette sets, breakfast cups and saucers, and plates, of assorted ware, suitable for storekeepers, willow and white ware in every variety, two hundred dozen white granite plates.
ALSO,
An extensive assortment of CUT GLASS
Decanters, tumblers, vases, champagne, hook glasses, custard and jelly glasses, cut wine coolers, salts, and mustards.
ALSO,
White jelly cans, footpans, bedpans, English covered jugs, mugs, and jugs, and toy tea cups and saucers, with every article kept in the trade, sold
Wholesale and Retail, at
THOMAS R. COATES'S,
Staffordshire and Irrawang Pottery Warehouse, 365, George-street, next door to Mr. Deane's.
N. B.-Wholesale Agent for the Irrawang Pottery.
9771

BREWERS AND OTHERS.
ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned:-
Book Isinglass, in quantities to suit purchasers.
JAMES SIMMONS,
391, Pitt-street,
Opposite the Union Bank.
9134

CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE, &c.
ON SALE, BY THE UNDERSIGNED.
Corrosive sublimate, in quantities to suit purchasers, at 5s. (five shillings per lb.)
Olive oil, in jars and half jars
Cream of tartar in cwt. kegs
English annatto, &c.
EDWARD YOUNGMAN AND CO.,
34, Hunter-street.
9665
December 15.

ROMAN CEMENT.
A LARGE Stock of the above article, fresh, and of the best quality, brand *Nine Elms*, on sale at reduced prices, at the stores of
R. M. ROBEY,
427, George-street.
79
SHEET LEAD, 4 and 5 lbs.,
Tinplates, DC, DX, IC, and IX
Liverpool coarse salt
London fine-stored ditto
Rock salt
Hops-East Kent and Sussex pockets
Fresh salmon, in 2 and 3 lb. tins
Mantis cigars, in bond
Negrohead tobacco, in kegs
Split peas
Canvas, assorted
Seaming twine, sacks
Starch, rosin
GEORGE THORNE,
Lower George-street.
9892
December 16.

SUPERB ASSORTMENT OF CHINA AND IRON-STONE CHINA DINNER SERVICES.
THE undersigned has received for sale a very choice assortment of Dinner Services, which he is instructed to sell at considerably less than the Exorbitant Cost, consisting of
CHINA DINNER SERVICES
IRON STONE CHINA DITTO, FLOWING BLUE.
As the above consignment must be closed immediately, parties are respectfully requested to make early application to
WILLIAM HEBBLEWHITE,
Commission Agent,
577, Lower George-street.
. Opposite the Herald Office.
9981

SUPERIOR WHITE CHINA MATTING AND INDIA SHIRTS.
THE undersigned has just received for Sale:-
WHITE CHINA MATTING, 26 inches wide, 1s. 6d. per yard
Ditto ditto ditto, 45 ditto ditto, 1s. 9d. ditto
Ditto ditto ditto, 55 ditto ditto, 2s. ditto
White India Shirts, fine muslin fronts, 2s. 6d. each.
ALSO,
Nursery Clocks, brass works, 12s., 16s., and 20s. each
Largest size tea trays, 5s. each
Second ditto ditto ditto, 3s. 6d. ditto
Third ditto ditto ditto, 2s. 6d. ditto
Wafers in boxes, 1s. per dozen
Boxes of envelopes, containing 100, 1s. 6d. per box
Elegant cut glass salt cellars, 7s. per pair
Magnum bonum pens, 1s. per box
WASH-STANDS, 7s. each
DRESSING TABLES, 12s. each
DRESSING GLASSES, 7s. each
SUMMER QUILTS, 9 1/2, 7s. 6d. each
" " 10-12, 10s. each
" " 11-14, 12s. 6d. each
With a great variety of useful articles, cheap.
WILLIAM HEBBLEWHITE,
577, Lower George-street,
. Opposite the Herald Office.
9980

AMERICAN CARPET BROOMS, OF A SUPERIOR QUALITY.
ROCKING CHAIRS, 12s. EACH,
Ex Robert Paulford.
ALSO,
SUPERIOR BRASS CLOCKS, rewooded cases
Rocking chairs, 12s. each
Children's chairs, 2s. 6d., 4s., and 5s. each
Wooden dippers, 1s. each
Carpet brooms, 2s. each
Verandah chairs, 3s. each
Hearth and clothes brooms, 5s. per dozen
Barrel covers, 3s. per dozen
Dining table
Transparencies, 15s. each
Mordant's leads, for pencils, 1s. per gross
Tea trays, superior papier mâtché
Initial water
Ornamental table bells, 2s. 6d. each
Ration tea, 20s. per chest
Bamboo sticks, 6s. per dozen
PATRY'S OLD BROWN AND WHITE WINDSOON SOAP.

BOOKS, ENGRAVINGS, AND DRAWING PENCILS.
Full length Portrait of the QUEEN and PRINCE ALBERT, published at two guineas, only 7s.
SIX PORTRAITS, viz.:- Victoria and Prince Albert, Duke of Wellington, Sir Robert Peel, Lord John Russell, Lord Brougham, and Daniel O'Connell, for 2s.
PETER PARLEY'S ANNUAL, 6s. each.
PETER PARLEY'S WONDERS OF ART, 1s. each.
PETER PARLEY'S TALES ABOUT IRELAND, 3s. 6d.
JOAN OF ARC, splendidly bound, 2s. 6d.
ALSO,
CHINESE PENS, in elegant boxes, 1s. each.
Palace " " 1s. " "
100 Envelopes, 1s. 6d. " "
Memorandum books
SAND WASH-BALLS, 6s. per dozen.
CHEAP GLASS WARE.
Best Flint Wine Glasses, plain, 2s. 6d. per dozen
Ditto, West India (hot)
CUT WINE GLASSES, 5s. and 6s. per dozen
GREEN HOCK GLASSES, and DECANTERS.
CUT and plain TUMBLERS, 6s. per dozen
CUT DECANTERS, at 8s., 10s., and 12s. per pair
Champagne and ale glasses, &c., &c.
Music to Gustavus, 2s.

SUPERIOR BRITISH PLATE, EQUAL TO SILVER.
Consisting of:-
Table and Dessert Forks
Ditto and ditto Spoons
Tea and Egg Spoons
Mustard and Salt Spoons
Frying Spoons and Butter Knives
Soup Ladles and Sugar Tongs
Patent Pencil Cases, very superior, 1s. each
Pewee Caston Tors, and
Fur Sticks.
ALSO,
TOILET HAIR BRUSHES, POCKET COMBS, &c.
Turner's Ink, 3s. 6d. per dozen
Chamois Skins
Fenders, and
Couches
WILLIAM HEBBLEWHITE,
Commission Agent,
577, Lower George-street.
. Opposite the Herald Office. 9979

DELICIOUS SUMMER BEVERAGE. PORTER'S CELEBRATED EFFERVESCING POWDERS, for the immediate production of
Soda Water, 8d. per dozen
Gingerbeer, 1s. ditto
Lemonade, 1s. ditto
Seidlitz, 1s. 6d. ditto.
Porter's Family Aperient Antibilious Pills, suitable for both sexes, and containing no mineral substance, 1s. and 2s. per box.
E. PORTER,
Chemist and Druggist,
525, George-street,
opposite Jamison-street.
6159

Selters Water.
THE undersigned beg to call the attention of their friends and the public to the above, as a natural soda water, infinitely superior in salubrity and capability of relieving thirst to the artificial soda water, so largely consumed in this semi-tropical climate. The carbonic acid gas to which both owe their exhilarating effect, is contained in great abundance in the selters water, but in such an intimate state of combination, that instead of distending the stomach by its sudden escape from the water in which it is dissolved, gently and gratefully stimulates it in its slow and gradual evolution, thereby promoting digestion, while the great objection to the factitious soda water is the great injury which it is known to inflict upon the stomach and digestive organs.
EDWARD YOUNGMAN AND CO.,
34, Hunter-street.
December 15. 9666

RUM AND BRANDY.
SETTLERS and others, who are particularly in having *one old Jamaica Rum*, of any strength, from proof to 30 O. P., can be supplied either by the hoghead or puncheon, in bond, or in any quantity not less than TWO GALLONS.
from the Wholesale Wine and Spirit Stores of the Undersigned. Also, pale and dark Cognac, very superior quality-the former direct from France, the latter direct from Martell, and bottled by him in London. Also, Martell's Brandy, first quality, over-proof, either by the hoghead or in any quantity not less than TWO GALLONS.
The best Gin, in 2 gallon and 4 gallon cases, over-proof.
Draft Ale and Stout, in hogheads; bottled Ale and Stout, in 2 and 4 dozen casks; a great variety of choice wines, in pipes, hogheads, quarter-casks, octaves, and bottles, or by the
TWO GALLONS.
Cellars and Stores, George-street and Pitt-street
R. PORTER AND S. PERK.
A heavy stock of *Groceries* always for sale at the George-street Store. 9743

THE APPROACHING FESTIVAL.
WINES and **Spirits** of every description and choicest quality can be had in quantities of two gallons and upwards, at unexampled low prices, at
WEDDERBURN'S
Old Established Store,
King-street.
N. B.-Fine Geneva, ten years old; genuine malt whiskey, three years in cellar. 9509

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned:-
Draught ale and porter, in hogheads and barrels
Bottled ale and porter.
ABRAM BRIERLEY,
Sussex-street.
November 7. 7321

EX LATE ARRIVALS.
FROM THE CELEBRATED HOUSE OF CROSSE AND BLACKWELL, &c., &c.
RECEIVED, and ON SALE, by the undersigned, in bottles
Bottled fruits, two-dozen cases, best assortment
Turkey 5s. in tin cases
Sultana raisins
Muscadel ditto, layers
Patras currants
Eleme raisins, 50lb boxes
Herrings-Yarmouth bladders
Gorgonzola anchoovies, in bottles
Anchoovy paste
Herring ditto / fancy pots
Curry paste
Chocolate, Sir Hans Sloane's
Ditto, soluble
Macaroni and vermicelli, small tins
Pickles, assorted-pints and quarts
Ditto, West India (hot)
Mustard, 1lb. and 3lb. bottles
Spanish Olives
French ditto
Capers, (French) in sizes
Jordan almonds
Soft shell ditto
Valencia ditto
Caraway seeds
Scotch oatmeal
Starch and indigo blue, Coleman's
Refined saltpetre
Jamaica ginger.
The above splendid assortment forms a part of a large investment received by the undersigned ex late arrivals, which has been selected expressly for him from the first houses in London; he can, therefore, with confidence recommend them to his customers, being in prime condition, and will be sold at his usually low prices.
P. J. CREAGH,
Grocery and Provision Store,
273, Pitt-street.
December 17. 9819

FOR SALE.
SAXON MERINO RAMS. Apply to William C. Bots, Esq., Sydney, or to W. Hall Palmer, Kirkconnell, Hartley.
N. B.-The rams will not be shown before the 14th December. 6265

DRUGS, AND SODA WATER MACHINE.
A LARGE assortment of Drugs imported by the August Post Office Packet. Also, a first-rate Soda Water Machine, on sale at Charles Mackellar and Co.'s, George-street.
Sydney, December 17. 9816

FOR SALE.
LAMBERTON, a pure-bred English Bull, imported by the undersigned, per Duke of Richmond. For pedigree and terms, apply to A. G. Steel, Esq., Rockley, near Bathurst, where the bull may be seen, or to **HENRY LUMSDAINE,** Hill's Buildings, Surry Hills.
December 17. 9817

LAW INTELLIGENCE.
SUPREME COURT-SATURDAY.
BEFORE HIS HONOR THE CHIEF JUSTICE, and a Special Jury of twelve.
O'CONNELL v. HAWKLEY.
This was an action of libel, in which Maurice Charles O'Connell was the plaintiff, and Edward John Hawkey was the defendant. The declaration, after the usual preliminary allegations as to the plaintiff's good reputation, &c., went on to set forth a libel, alleged to have been published in a certain newspaper called the *Sydney Chronicle*, on the 23rd September last, wherein it was intimated that the plaintiff had accepted of a loan of money from Mr. Benjamin Boyd, in the nature of a bribe, to use his influence with his father, then the officer administering the government of the colony, for the appointment of Messrs. Campbell and Brierley, of Boyd Town, as magistrates of the territory, and to vote in a particular manner upon the squattage question. Damages laid at £2000. To this the defendant had pleaded the general issue, not guilty, and upon that plea issue had been joined.
Counsel for the plaintiff, Messrs. Windeyer and Lowe; for the defendant, Mr. Broadhurst.
Mr. Lowe opened the pleadings.
Mr. WINDYER, in stating the plaintiff's case, said that he supposed the defendant had come into that Court for the purpose of throwing himself on the mercy of the Jury. Real defence he had none; and for that matter, he might as well let judgment go by default. He had, however, come to the trial with the view of having the damages assessed. In this, as throughout the proceeding, the defendant had unfortunately been misadvised, and instead of at once acknowledging the libel and making amendment for it, he had pertinaciously adhered to it, either, he must suppose, with a view to justify himself, or to throw increased odium on the plaintiff. The defendant was the proprietor of the *Sydney Chronicle* newspaper; it was a paper printed and published for his pecuniary benefit, and he put into its columns such matter as he thought would be most likely to make it sell; and in doing so, he had put into it this libel. It seemed, indeed, a publication designed as a successor to certain other publications of a very similar character, which caused so much unhappiness a few years ago, until put down by the strong hand of the law. This *Chronicle* was following in the same course, and he trusted the jury would show their determination to put such publications down, and thus prevent the growth of that sort of American despotism arising out of the licentiousness of the press over all the constituted authorities of the country. He should read to them the libel at length, without the introduction, neither should he call any witness to prove them; for he should not care if they were struck out of the declaration altogether. The letter was signed "Robin Hood," for what reason he was unable to divine, unless indeed it was that Robin Hood was a kind of collector of tolls, and perhaps this was the object in the present case-to hint that its suppression could be effected by the payment of a toll. (The learned counsel then read the libel at length.) He supposed the grounds of defence would be that the defendant was not the writer of the libel; but that was no defence, for if he had not chosen to publish it, it would never have appeared. He was the receiver of the article, and had appropriated it for his own use and benefit. Neither was it in mitigation, as he supposed would be alleged, that the defendant was a man in low circumstances. That the article was a libel there could be no doubt; that it maliciously attacked the plaintiff, with the view of bringing him into odium and contempt, was evident. Captain O'Connell was a member of the Legislative Council-was a native of the colony, and the son of the then Governor of the colony-and in each of those characters the article had attributed to him acts, which it characterised as corrupt, disgraceful, shameful, and delinquent, and it was impossible that Captain O'Connell should sit down under such charges. The acts of public men were fairly open to criticism, they might even be somewhat perverted and misrepresented, but beyond that public men could not suffer the press to go. They could not rest under such imputations as were made in this article. History had shown them the evil of sheltering such anonymous libels, and he believed they would show by their verdict and the amount of the damages they would give, that they would endeavor to preserve something of that British freedom and British character which the unrestrained slanders of the Press in America had done so much to destroy. The letter was a series of libels, and it might be urged that it was not Captain O'Connell that had been intended to be libelled, but Mr. Boyd, or Mr. Campbell, or Mr. Brierley. But what the intention was had nothing to do with the case; the character of the letter was libelous; other parties were libelled too, and the reason for including many might have been, that by forwarding manuscript copies of the letter to each, they might be induced to come down with a pretty good sum to suppress its insertion. It had been said, and, perhaps with justice, that justice had, by the verdicts they had given in cases like these, by the low rate at which they had assessed damages, displayed too little regard for the value of character. He felt assured such would not be the case in the present instance. It was a matter which came

have to all - which was of interest to them all - to put down attacks like these, in which names were attributed to public men which would cover them with shame, and which they had never performed, or those which they had performed attributed entirely to improper motives. He did not suppose that it was the defendant Hawkeley who had written the article in question. There was nothing in the comparative stations in life of him and the plaintiff that would throw them in contact, and would have led him to trace the series of columns which were published in the Libel. It was evident that the writer of it, be he who he might, had some slight smattering of literature, and he admitted the article to be a matter one than newspaper articles ordinarily were. But whoever was the writer of it, it evidently had its origin in some personal enmity of Captain O'Connell - some one had furnished the information to be vamped up in its present shape, in order that he might shoot his arrows at the plaintiff from behind a cloud. But the defendant had, for the sake of gain, consented to publish this Libel. He had given effect to the malice of the slanderer, and like the apothecary he had sold the poison knowing the uses to which it was to be applied. The real libeller was sheltered behind the defendant, and therefore he alone could be made responsible for the act which he had chosen to perform. He should without further comment call witnesses to prove the publication of the Libel, and that the defendant was the person named in the declaration, and then if they were satisfied that the article was a Libel, and a Libel on the plaintiff, they would give such damages as would show that atrocious attacks of this sort were not to be made with impunity.

Mr. Birch, of the Colonial Secretary's Office, was called to prove the publication of the newspaper; but the defendant's counsel admitted it, and the identity.

Mr. Broadbent, for the defence, said that he should take none of the points for the defence which had been anticipated by the learned counsel for the plaintiff, and indeed he was quite prepared to agree with most of his remarks with regard to the Libel. That the article in question was a gross Libel he fully admitted, that the imputations in it were utterly groundless he also admitted, and his client was fully convinced of this, and had taken steps, to which perhaps it would be improper for him to allude, to make Captain O'Connell aware of this. That the imputations were libellous to the utmost extent that the other side would wish to prove them, he at once conceded, and had they been written by the defendant, they would also be most malicious. But the learned counsel had said that the defendant had been ill-advised in persisting in the plea he had put in. But what other course could he have taken? Had he taken the plea off the record, it would have left him utterly defenceless: it would have left him guilty of composing as well as publishing the Libel out of pure malice. Now he contended that his client had only published the Libel, and denied that there was any malice. The learned counsel had fallen into error in calling Mr. Hawkeley the proprietor of the newspaper; he was not so; and it was plain, from the slight manner in which he spoke of his paper, that he was aware that he was not insignificant to have published the article out of malice towards Captain O'Connell. He, however, admitted that he was the publisher of the Libel, and was liable as such; and he supposed, in fact, that any one connected with publishing a Libel, from the publisher down to even the printer's devil, could be made liable. It was not to defend or excuse the Libel that he stood there. He utterly hated and despised all libellers, and backbiters of every description. But the publishers of all Libels were not actuated by the same incentives. Take, for instance, the *Satirist*. That paper devoted itself to the publication of Libels of a scandalous and indecent character, in order to obtain money. It chose the character of an obscene paper, in order that it might sell. But there was nothing of that sort shown of this paper. The defendant, too, who was ignorant of this Libel, was liable to three or four actions of a similar nature, and was to be liable to the Attorney-General as well. Would it be right, then, to give heavy damages against this defendant, if he had inserted this Libel by accident, without any malice whatever? They had been told by the learned counsel how important it was to them all that these Libels should be repressed; but the question was, was the Libel published maliciously or not? and secondly, how much the character had been damaged by it. The learned counsel himself had gone a long way to show that it could not have been written maliciously at all: for he had stated, that from the station of the parties it was not likely that Captain O'Connell could be known to the defendant. But if they thought the defendant was liable for this Libel, it was not their province to punish. They had only to recompense the man whose character was traduced, to reinstate him in that position of society he had lost by the Libel. It was to free him from charges that unbearably would brand him with infamy that this action was brought. The amount of damages, therefore, in the present instance must be proportioned to the loss of character, and the injury to the feelings sustained from the Libel. He did not defend the writer of this Libel. The charges against Captain O'Connell were utterly false, and the person who could write such charges against any person, without being prepared to prove them to a demonstration, must be a vile base person. But in the management of newspapers there was always a chance of an article getting in without the cognizance of the publisher, who might be perfectly innocent of any knowledge whatever of the Libel. The most atrocious Libel might be inserted without his ever having seen the manuscript. There had been nothing shown to prove that the defendant had ever seen the manuscript of this Libel, or that there had been any enquiries made by the plaintiff as to who was author. If he could show that the defendant had lent himself to this Libel, there might be some grounds for this action; but he could not. His client admitted all the ingredients in the Libel - admitted them to be libellous, and admitted them to be utterly false; but he denied that he had published them out of malice. He would admit also that there must be some damages in this action, as the article was libellous, and from the mere act of publishing a Libel, the law inferred malice. But the Libel was not, as had

been stated, all pure malice and invention. There were facts stated in the article - there were such people as Mr. Campbell and Mr. Brierley - they had been put in the commission of the peace - and therefore there were some facts in this article. All that his client had done might have been done most innocently. The learned counsel laboured under error when he spoke of the defendant as the proprietor of the paper - as having an interest in it, and that therefore the insertion of a spurious article would benefit him. He was only the printer of the paper, at a fixed salary, and therefore it mattered not to him whether the article was a spurious one or whether it was as dull as some that were to be met with in other papers. There was nothing to show that he had procured the article, that he had read it, or lent himself to it in any way. The printer had seldom control over any such matters - the editors and proprietors were the parties who should be made responsible. He did not dispute the right of Captain O'Connell to bring the present action, but he must say he did not see the necessity for it - he had an opportunity in another place to vindicate his character fully, and had done so. Was it to be presumed that the printer of a paper, dependent on his salary for the support of his wife and family, would go to his employers refusing to insert the copy given to him? He thought Captain O'Connell's character had never suffered - that it was completely clear of all the charges made against it, and he did not think the Jury would pay Captain O'Connell so had a compliment as to expect his character could have been injured, could have been damaged, to the value of one penny.

The Chief Justice summed up. The charges in the action were that the defendant had composed and published a certain malicious Libel on the plaintiff. There was no evidence whatever that the defendant had composed the Libel, and he knew of no good rule of law which justified the presumption that because he had published the Libel he must have composed it. They would therefore have to acquit the defendant of composing the Libel, and if they found him guilty of having printed and published the Libel, they must exclude from the verdict the first charge. Then as to what constituted a Libel, it would be unnecessary for him to trouble them further than to explain a remark that had fallen from the counsel for the defendant as to the malice. The defendant said there was no malice in a moral point of view; that he was in fact as innocent of the Libel as the material with which it was printed. Now to constitute a Libel they must find it to be malicious; but the word malice, as inferred by the law, had not that meaning which was its ordinary acceptance. In law the word was technically used, and was independent of what was in a man's mind. If a man was riding an unruly horse, knowing it to be unruly, and rode into a crowd, killed a child (perhaps even his own), although there could have been no pre-conceived malice against the individual, he would be guilty of murder, because he must be responsible for his own acts. The questions then they had to find were, was the Libel published by the defendant - did it reflect on the plaintiff's character, as stated in the declaration - and was it actuated by malice? If on these points they found in the affirmative, they would give the plaintiff a verdict. With regard to the measure of damages, he would tell them they should judge of the amount which such a Libel was intended to cause, or might inflict. It was not the damage actually done, for a man of bad reputation might be injured very materially by a trifling slander, because it would be readily believed of him; but the man whose character stood deservedly high could not be injured by anything that might be said, and thus the reputation built upon the good conduct of years would be exposed to the shafts of any nameless vagabond. The learned Chief Justice then read several passages from Sturkey on Slander, on the Law of Libel, and on the grounds on which, both in respect to the Press and the public, Juries should be guided in their verdicts; and in conclusion, said, that Juries would never do injury to the liberty of the Press, by doing justice to private character. The subject matter of the libellous article was most important - "the appointment of magistrates." It was a legitimate subject for public discussion, but if the charges against the capacity of the magistrates appointed had been true, the charges against the plaintiff for the corrupt way in which he had obtained these appointments, would still have to be justified. With regard to the defendant being guardian of the Libel, although he did not wish to detract at all from the very open, manly, and judicious defence made by the defendant in mitigation of damages, he must tell them that the circumstances alone could enable them to come to their verdict, and whether he acted in ignorance or not, these circumstances must, in the legal meaning of the term, infer malice.

The Jury then retired for about half an hour; on their return, before delivering their verdict, the foreman (Mr. Miller) stated he had been requested to say, that the Jury had been mainly influenced in their assessment of damages by the very open and manly defence put forward, in which the Libel in its fullest extent was admitted, and its falsity acknowledged and regretted. The Jury found the defendant guilty of printing and publishing the Libel, damages £50.

The Court then adjourned.

Before His Honor Mr. Justice TERRY and a Jury of four.

PAWLEY v. MATTHEWS.

Mr. WINDYER for the defendant, applied to the Court, under the Act regulating references to arbitration, for an order referring this case, as one involving matters of account. One circumstance he remarked, which rendered such a reference peculiarly just in the present case, was, that the plaintiff having become insolvent, might be examined in the cause, on behalf of the trustees, who were at present the parties on the record; while the defendant would be in no such position unless the matter was sent to arbitration. By the defendant's filed in support of this application, it appeared that the subject matter of action arose out of a long series of accommodation transactions, and would lead to a very lengthened investigation of books and papers.

Mr. FORTES, for the plaintiff, submitted that

the application could not be granted at the present stage. The case had already been postponed from a former day at the special application of the defendant, and if there was any tangible ground for this application it could easily have been made when the postponement was applied for. The only substantial question in this case was a single promissory note, and the defendant would have ample opportunity of making out his plea that this was an accommodation note, without going into lengthened matters of account.

Mr. WINDYER, in reply, pointed out that the previous postponement had arisen out of the fact, that the plaintiff's trustees had entered a suggestion of his insolvency on the second of the very morning that the case was to have been tried, so that defendant's attorney was wholly taken by surprise. There had consequently been no laches on the part of the defendant, and the affidavits were sufficiently strong to bring the case within the operation of the Act relied upon.

His Honor, after consulting with the Chief Justice, decided that the case was a proper one for reference, and therefore granted the application, sending the case to the Prothonotary, with power to examine both parties. The costs of the day were to be paid by the defendant, and the remaining costs of the reference to abide the result.

A verdict was then taken for the plaintiff upon all the issues, subject to award of the Prothonotary.

ROBINSON v. FOTHERINGHAM.

This was an action on the case for assault and false imprisonment, in which John Robinson was the plaintiff, and Alexander Fotheringham was the defendant. The declaration stated that on the 30th of September, 1846, the defendant, without reasonable or probable cause, had falsely and maliciously charged the plaintiff before Charles Windyey, Esq., J.P., with splitting up a tree, the property of the said defendant. The declaration went on to aver the issue of a warrant, arrest of the plaintiff, and the subsequent hearing and dismissal of the case, before Captain Innes.

The defendant had pleaded the general issue, not guilty.

Mr. Lowe appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Foster and Darvall for the defendant. From the evidence adduced on the part of the plaintiff, it appeared that the latter was a tenant to Captain Fotheringham for a place at Laine's Clear, in the neighbourhood of Newtown, and on the day named in the information, plaintiff and a man named Gallagher in his employ, were in the act of splitting up a tree which they had previously cut down, when the defendant came up and asked Robinson to give him authority to cut the tree. The latter replied that he considered he had a right to do this by virtue of his tenancy, upon which the defendant, who was very angry at the time, stated, that the terms of the plaintiff's agreement or lease prohibited the retaining of timber, and expressed his regret that he had not brought a constable with him. The plaintiff had been cutting and selling wood for five or six weeks before this, and he continued to do the same after having been spoken to by the defendant. The latter accordingly went before Mr. Windyey, and made an affidavit of the facts. Upon this affidavit a warrant was issued, and the plaintiff having been apprehended, was brought to Sydney, and kept all night in the watch-house. On the following morning (the 1st of October) Robinson was taken before Captain Innes, who dismissed the case.

The plaintiff's case having been closed, a nonsuit was moved for by the defendant's counsel, upon the ground that the evidence which had been given went to show that the defendant had not only a reasonable and probable cause for preferring the charge, but that the charge was actually true. The affidavit of Captain Fotheringham, which had been put in, and must consequently be regarded as good evidence, only charged the plaintiff with splitting a tree upon defendant's land, and no warrant was applied for. The rest of the evidence proved that the allegations in this affidavit were true, and the defendant was not liable for the act of the magistrate. On the other hand it was argued that this application must fail, inasmuch as there were disputed facts in this case upon which the Jury ought to decide. The learned Judge was of opinion that there was some evidence upon the question of malice, which the Jury ought to determine upon. The application was therefore refused.

Mr. Fortes then addressed the Jury for the defence, contending that Captain Fotheringham, so far from having acted oppressively, had behaved with great forbearance towards this plaintiff, and there was abundant cause for his proceeding in the way he had done.

His Honor summed up, leaving the question of reasonable or probable cause for the proceedings of the defendant to be determined by the Jury.

Before His Honor had concluded his summing up, the Jury stopped him with an intimation that their minds were made up, and they then returned a verdict for the defendant.

SYDNEY PRICE CURRENT.

IMPORTS.		
PROVISIONS.		£ s. d.
Irish Beef, Per tierce	.....	None.
Mess Pork Prime Irish, per brl.	.....	4 0 0
Hamburg	.....
Mess Beef, Per tierce	.....	None.
Ham	.....	English, per lb.
Butter	.....	Westphalia, per lb.
Cheese	.....	Dutch, per lb.
	.....	Swiss, per lb.
	.....	Gloucester, per lb.
	.....	Pine, per lb.
	.....	Dutch, per lb.
Herrings	.....	White, per barrel
	.....	Red, per ditto
CANDLES.		
English	.....	Moulds, per lb.
	.....	Sperm, per lb.
	.....	Wax, per lb.
American Sperm	.....	per lb.
East India Wax	.....	per lb.
GRAIN AND MEAL.		
Rice	.....	Patna, per bag
Wheat	.....	Derwent, per bushel
Oatmeal	.....	per lb.
Flour	.....	American, per barrel

SPIRITS.		£ s. d.
Rum	.....	15 to 20 O.P., per gall.
	.....	6 to 10 O.P.
	.....	1 to 5 O.P.
	.....	Under proof
Bengal	.....	None.
Brandy	.....	Cognac, per doz.
	.....	Spanish, per doz.
Hollands	.....	In wood (pale), per doz.
	.....	Tinged, per doz.
Gin	.....	4 gallon cases, per doz.
	.....	Half cases, per doz.
Whisky	.....	Per gallon, per doz.
Arrack	.....	Ditto, per doz.
Cherry Brandy	.....	(1 pint) per dozen

WINES.		
Sherry	.....	In wood, per hhd. £10 to 15
	.....	Ditto, best, per hhd.
	.....	Bottled, per dozen 15s. to 20
Port	.....	In wood, per hhd. £10 to 20
	.....	Bottled, per doz. 15s. to 17
Claret	.....	In wood, per hhd.
	.....	Bottle, per doz. 15s. to 10
Madeira	.....	per doz.
Tenerife	.....	In wood, per pipe
Marrala	.....	Ditto, per pipe
Cape	.....	Company's brand
Champagne	.....	per dozen, 15s. to 20

BEER.		
Porter	.....	Taylor's, per hhd.
	.....	Other Brewers, per hhd.
Ale	.....	Allan's, per doz.
	.....	Bass's, bottle, per doz.
	.....	Byass's, per doz.
	.....	Marzetti's, per doz.

SUGARS.		
English	.....	Refined, per lb.
Mauritius	.....	First quality, per ton
	.....	Second quality, per ton
Manila	.....	First quality, per ton
	.....	Second quality, per ton
Bourbon	.....	First quality, per ton
	.....	Second quality, per ton
Java	.....	per ton
Siam	.....	per ton

FRUITS.		
Currants	.....	Zante, per lb.
Raisins	.....	Muscadel, per lb.
	.....	Black, per lb.
	.....	Cape, per lb.
Cape Dried Fruit, assorted	.....	per ton
Prunes	.....	per ton
Figs	.....	per ton
Almonds	.....	Shell, per ton

TEA AND COFFEE.		
Hysanakin, per chest	.....	£3 15s. to 20
Gunpowder, per box	.....	2 5 0
Concom	.....	per chest
Souchong, per box	.....	1 15 0
Pekoe	.....	per chest
Coffee	.....	Manila, per lb.
	.....	Java, per lb.

TOBACCO.		
Negrohead (American) per lb.	.....	8d. to 0 10
Cavendish Ditto	.....	0 8 0
Cigars	.....	Havannah, per 1000
	.....	Manila, per 1000

METALS.		
Iron	.....	Assorted, per ton
Copper	.....	Sheeting, per lb.
Zinc	.....	Rolls, per ton
Lead	.....	Ditto, per ton
Tin Plates Assorted	.....	per ton
Shel	.....	Assorted, per ton

SUNDRIES.		
Iron	.....	Hoop, per ton
	.....	Pg, per ton
Rope	.....	Assorted, per cwt.
	.....	Manila, per cwt.
	.....	Cair, per cwt.
Canvas	.....	Bleached, per bolt
Turpentine, per gallon	.....	0 4 6
Paint Oil, per gallon	.....	0 5 0
White Lead, ground, in kegs, per cwt.	.....	1 16 0
Black Paint, per cwt.	.....	2 5 0
Green	.....	Ditto, ditto
Tar	.....	Riga, per barrel
	.....	American, per barrel
Coal	.....	per barrel
Pitch	.....	per barrel
Oil Shooks, white oak, for pipes	.....	per ton
	.....	For barrels
Gunpowder, blasting, per lb.	.....	0 1 0
Caustic	.....	per ton
Glass	.....	per ton
Cement	.....	Roman, per barrel
Oil	.....	Olive, per dozen, quarts
Pear	.....	Split, per bushel
Hops	.....	English, per lb.
	.....	American, per lb.

EXPORTS.		
Wool	.....	Choice Rocks, per lb.
	.....	Good ordinary, per lb.
	.....	Broken, per lb.
	.....	In grease, per lb.
Oil	.....	Sperm, per ton
	.....	Black, per ton
Whalebone, per ton	.....	per ton
Hides	.....	Each, per ton
Horns	.....	Per 123, per lb.
Tips	.....	Per 123, per lb.
Tallow	.....	per ton
Treanails	.....	Per S. M., per ton
Cedar	.....	Good, per foot, 8d. to 0 2
Wheat	.....	Per bushel
Flour	.....	First, per cwt.
	Second, per cwt.
Beef	Per tierce
Cheese	Per lb.
Butter	Per lb.
Coal	Per ton (at the Pits)

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